The Eazette of Andia

EXTRAORDINARY

PART II—Section 3

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 310-A] NEW DELHI, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1956

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

NOTIFICATIONS

New Delhi, the 24th October 1956

S.R.O. 2386-A/Ess.Com/Sugarcane.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 3 of the Sugarcane (Control) Order, 1955, the Central Government hereby fixes Rs. 1-7-0 per maund as the minimum price to be paid by a producer of sugar by vacuum pan process or his agent for sugarcane delivered at the gate of his factory and Rs. 1-5-0 per maund for sugarcane delivered at railway centres, during 1956-57 crushing season:—

Provided that—

- (i) s rebate of 3 pies per maund per mile, subject to a maximum of 3 annas per maund may be deducted out of the minimum sugarcane price of Rs. 1-7-0 per md. by a producer of sugar by vacuum pan process in case of sugarcane transported by such producer by road in his own transport from a purchasing centre to the factory gate. The rebate so deducted shall be subject to a certificate issued by an authority nominated by the State Government in this behalf as regards the actual distance of the purchasing centre concerned from the factory on the basis of which the rebate is charged. For purposes of this concession, a distance of less than half a mile will be ignored, while a distance from half a mile to one mile will be counted as a full mile;
- (ii) the Central Government may allow suitable rebate in the prescribed sugarcane price for any reason other than that mentioned in proviso (1) above, in the interest of sugarcane growers;
- (iii) where sugarcane is brought bound in bundles and weighed in bundles, the Central Government may, as and where considered necessary, allow a suitable deduction to be made on account of the weight of the binding material from the total weight.

[No. F.23-36/56-SV.]

S.R.O. 2386-B./Ess.Com/Surgarcane.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 3 of the Sugarcane (Control) Order, 1955, and in partial modification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture Notification No. S.R.O. 2386-A/Ess.Com/Sugarcane dated 24th October, 1956, the Central Government hereby fixes Rs. 1-6-0 per maund as the minimum price to be paid by a producer of sugar by vacuum pan process or his agent in the State of Uttar Pradesh, for sugarcane delivered at the gate of his factory and Rs. 1-4-0 per

maund for sugarcane delivered at railway centres, from the day of start of the crushing operations upto the 12th November, 1956, during the 1956-57 crushing season, provided crushing operations are started upto 4th November, 1956;

Provided that:

- (i) a rebate of 3 pies per maund per mile, subject to a maximum of 3 annas per maund may be deducted out of the minimum sugarcane price of Rs. 1-6-0 per maund by a producer of sugar by vacuum pan process in case of sugarcane transported by such producer by road in his own transport from a purchasing centre to the factory gate. The rebate so deducted shall be subject to a certificate issued by an authority nominated by the State Government in this behalf as regards the actual distance of the purchasing centre concerned from the factory on the basis of which the rebate is charged. For purposes of this concession, a distance of less than half a mile will be ignored, while a distance from half a mile to one mile will be counted as a full mile;
 (ii) the Control Covernment may allow suitable relate to a maximum of 3 annas per maund per mile, subject to a maximum of 3 annas per maund by a producer of sugar by vacuum pan producer by such producer by read in the minimum sugarcane price of sugar by vacuum pan producer by such producer by such producer by read in the producer by annas per maund by a producer of sugar by vacuum pan producer by such produc
- (ii) the Central Government may allow suitable rebate in the prescribed sugarcane price for any reason other than that mentioned in proviso
 (i) above, in the interest of sugarcane growers;
- (iii) where sugarcane is brought bound in bundles and weighed in bundles, the Central Government may, as and where considered necessary, allow a suitable deduction to be made on account of the weight of the binding material from the total weight.

[No. F.23-36/56-SV.] T. C. PURI. Jt. Secy.